

- 4) It is hard to see the fitted line, but it is there, close to the x axis. Explain why this is the regression line. In your answer, explain why it is not higher up, with an intercept around 400,000.
- 5) Use LINEST to regress INCWAGE on EducYears. Repeat for \ln INCWAGE on EducYears. How are the slope coefficients of these two models interpreted differently? In your answer, please refer to specific numbers.
- 6) You are worried about omitted variable bias so you regress INCWAGE on Educ Years and Drive. How much omitted variable bias is there? Show your work and explain what is going on in this case.
- 7) A) Use Excel's PivotTable to compute the average INCWAGE for the three categories of education (High School, College, and Grad School).
- B) If you had to use these education categories in a regression, what would you do? You do not have to do it, just explain what you would do to incorporate these three categories in a regression.

Proceed to the *DGP* sheet. I'm interested in the sampling distribution of max streak (consecutive same number) in tossing a die 10 times. I implemented the DGP in Excel TWO different ways. The first way uses an IF statement and RAND() to produce a die roll. The second way uses the SAMPLE function.

8) Run a sim of cell F13 (you decide the number of reps). Interpret the sim results. What do the numbers mean? In your answer, refer to specific numbers

9) Compare the Approximate SE from your sim to the Exact SE in cell A13 of the *DGP* sheet. They are very far apart. Does this mean the sim is broken somehow? Please explain what is going on here.

10) Run a single sim (your choice of reps) to compare the two different ways of throwing a die 10 times. Does the sim provide evidence that they are the same? Explain.

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